

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Road Tech Quick Starting Fluid

Other means of identification

SDS number 7106
Part No. 7106
Tariff code 2909.11.0000

Recommended use Starting Fluid

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Salado Sales, Inc.
Address P.O. Box 6115
Temple, TX 76503
United States
Telephone Information Telephone 254-742-3699
E-mail Not available.
Emergency phone number Emergency Telephone (Chemtrec) 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure Category 2

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 1

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	81.58% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 26.34% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 26.34% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Heptane		142-82-5	70 - < 80
ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS-		60-29-7	10 - < 20
Carbon Dioxide		124-38-9	5 - < 10
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic		64742-53-6	< 1
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Distillate (petroleum)		64742-52-5	< 1

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Level 3 Aerosol.

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3	
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	PEL	5000 ppm	Mist.
		5 mg/m3	
ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
		1200 mg/m3	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	400 ppm	
		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Distillate (petroleum) (CAS 64742-52-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		2000 mg/m3 500 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Distillate (petroleum) (CAS 64742-52-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3	
	TWA	30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm	
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3 440 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3 85 ppm	
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Distillate (petroleum) (CAS 64742-52-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid. Clear.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Ester-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-189.94 °F (-123.3 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	-109.3 °F (-78.5 °C) estimated
Flash point	-1.0 °F (-18.3 °C) Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.9 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	36.5 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	4083.55 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Partial Solubility
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	320 °F (160 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	5.75 lbs/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IA estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 30B)	30.83 kJ/g estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	18.42 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.69
VOC (Weight %)	93 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Aluminum.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	32000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3230 - 3920 mg/kg
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	103 mg/l, 4 Hours
LD50	Mouse	75 mg/l, 2 Hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Distillate (petroleum) (CAS 64742-52-5) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 2560 mg/l, 96 hours
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Mozambique tilapia (<i>Tilapia mossambica</i>) 375 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS-	0.89
Heptane	4.66

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	Not available.
UN proper shipping name	Consumer Commodity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	ORM-D
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	T75, TP5
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	304
Packaging bulk	314, 315

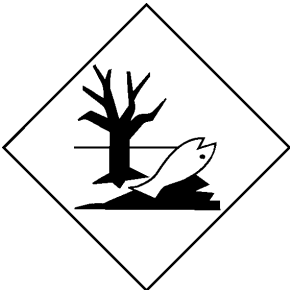
IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, Flammable (Starting Fluid)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	9L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols (Limited Qty)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

IATA; IMDG**Marine pollutant**

General information IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7) Listed.

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7) 6584

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7) 6584

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)

Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Distillate (petroleum) (CAS 64742-52-5)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Light Naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic Distillate (petroleum) (CAS 64742-52-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

ETHANE, 1,1'-OXYBIS- (CAS 60-29-7)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	11-09-2015
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0
NFPA ratings	



Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.